*GTA 05-02-018

C Factor Procedures, Curvature/Refraction

PURPOSE: Use this graphic training aid (GTA) when performing the "C" Check. See Field Manual (FM) 3-34.331 for more information.

Field Procedure for "C" Check

1. In a relatively flat area, set the turning pins approximately 100 meters apart.

2. Instrument setup #1:

a. Set the level up 10 meters (\pm 1 meter) from rod 1 (Figure 1) and in line with rod 2.

b. Take the three-wire reading on the near rod (rod 1).

c. Take the three-wire reading on the far rod (rod 2).

3. Instrument setup #2:

a. Set the level up 10 meters (\pm 1 meter) from rod 2 (Figure 2) and in line with rod 1.

b. Take the three-wire reading on the near rod (rod 2).

c. Take the three-wire reading on the far rod (rod 1).

4. Find the correction for both foresight readings on the Correction for Curvature and Refraction Leveling table. Apply the sum of the corrections to the total foresight mean. (The correction sum is always negative [-]).

Compute "C" factor:

C= (Sum of near center-wire readings) – (Sum of far center-wire readings) (Sum of far rod intervals) – (Sum of near rod intervals)

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To convert degrees Fahrenheit (°F) to degrees centigrade (°C) use the following formula: $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$ (or go to Table A-2 of FM 3-34.331)

To convert altitude to millimeters of mercury (mm Hg), use the following formula: $mm Hg = 760 \frac{(87.783 + 0.00198h)}{87.783} 5.256$

h = altitude in meters

To convert inches of mercury (in Hg) to millimeters of mercury (mm Hg), use the following formula:

mm Hg = *in Hg x 25.4*