Search for:

- Shell fragments or improvised shrapnel (rebar, ball bearings, nuts and bolts)
- Wires or electronic parts
- · Melted/charred plastic
- Fresh, man-made objects (food, water bottles, cigarettes)

Process the Evidence

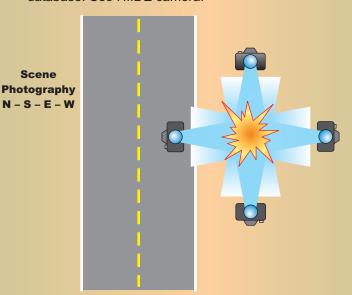
- 1) Document who, what, when, where, and, if possible, why.
- 2) DO NOT touch evidence with ungloved hands!
- Collect potential evidence in a clean container (Ziploc bag, paper bag, meals ready-to-eat box).
 Place evidence containing blood or bodily fluids in paper bags only.
- 4) Record witness statement and descriptions.
- 5) Safeguard all evidence.
- 6) Establish and follow chain of custody.
- 7) Evidence may later be used in court.
- 8) Turn ALL evidence in to S2 as soon as possible.

NOTE:

If you find a cell phone/computer, remove the battery, then disconnect power. DO NOT turn off.

Photograph the Scene

- 1) Photograph the immediate and general area. Include victims, vehicles, and crowds (but not military personnel).
- 2) Photograph site from all cardinal directions.
- 3) Photograph the blast site and damage; record heights, lengths, and widths.
- 4) Use a scale in photographs: rifle for large items, GTA for small items.
- 5) Photograph evidence as found.
- 6) Enroll all potential suspects/witnesses in biometrics database. Use HIIDE camera.



9-Line Explosive Hazard Report

1) Date-time group:

2) Reporting unit and location:

3) Contact method (call sign/frequency):

4) Type of munitions (dropped, projected, place or thrown):

5) NBC contamination (yes or no):

6) What resource is threatened:

7) Impact on mission:

8) Protective measures taken:

9) Recommended priority (immediate, indirect, minor, or no threat):

For recommended changes or additions, contact: Joint-Weapons Intelligence Course Training and Development & Integration 550 Cibeque Street Fort Huachuca, AZ 85616 520-538-1028 (DSN 879) GTA 90-01-015

Explosive Event Initial Response Guide

Smart Card August 2008

Unclassified

Purpose

To establish procedures for processing an explosive event site to gather important information and materials in the absence of followon exploitation teams.

The target audience is a patrol who encounters an explosive device and, after reporting to higher, is told that exploitation teams (joint weapons inspection team [J-WIT], sensitive site exploitation, etc.) are unable to respond. The patrol should collect what it can (as safety dictates) and continue the mission.

Team Leader

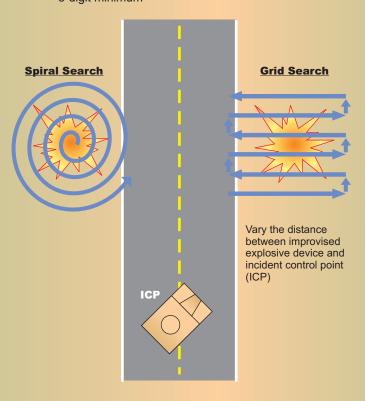
- 1) Conduct safety sweep (5/25).
- Establish incident control point (maintain 360° security; keep civilians out).
- Report to higher, request WIT and explosive ordnance disposal (EOD) support (especially if loss of life/catastrophic equipment loss).
- 4) If WIT not available, assemble personnel and equip to coordinate search.
- 5) Conduct an overall scene evaluation.
- 6) Allow EOD to clear area. (**DO NOT** interfere with EOD.)
- 7) Assign personnel to conduct search.
- 8) Establish and coordinate search pattern.
- 9) Use Handheld Interagency Identity Detection Equipment (HIIDE) device to enroll all witnesses.
- 10) Interview all witnesses (statement, contact information, signatures).

Caution Points

- Maintain security during sweep.
- Beware of SECONDARY DEVICES set to kill first responders — you or members of your team.

Processing the Site

- 1) Diagram immediate blast area.
- 2) Conduct search of site.
- 3) Identify evidence found at the scene; record location on site diagram.
- 4) Record location of incident using grid coordinates
 ** 8-digit minimum **







Search kit:

- Storage boxes
- Trash bags/envelopes
- Chem lights
- Rubber gloves
- Label tags
- Camera, extra batteries
- Pens/dry erase pens
- Nonpermanent markers
- Rifle cleaning swabs
- Space blanket
- 8 x 10 whiteboard
- Scale for photos

1) Tag Number
2) Date/Time
3) Place/Coordinates
4) Circumstances
5) Unit and Point of Contact
6) Item Description
7) Item Serial Number